

# Preliminary Design: LFM Signal Generator

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Alex • 05.23.2018

# Overview

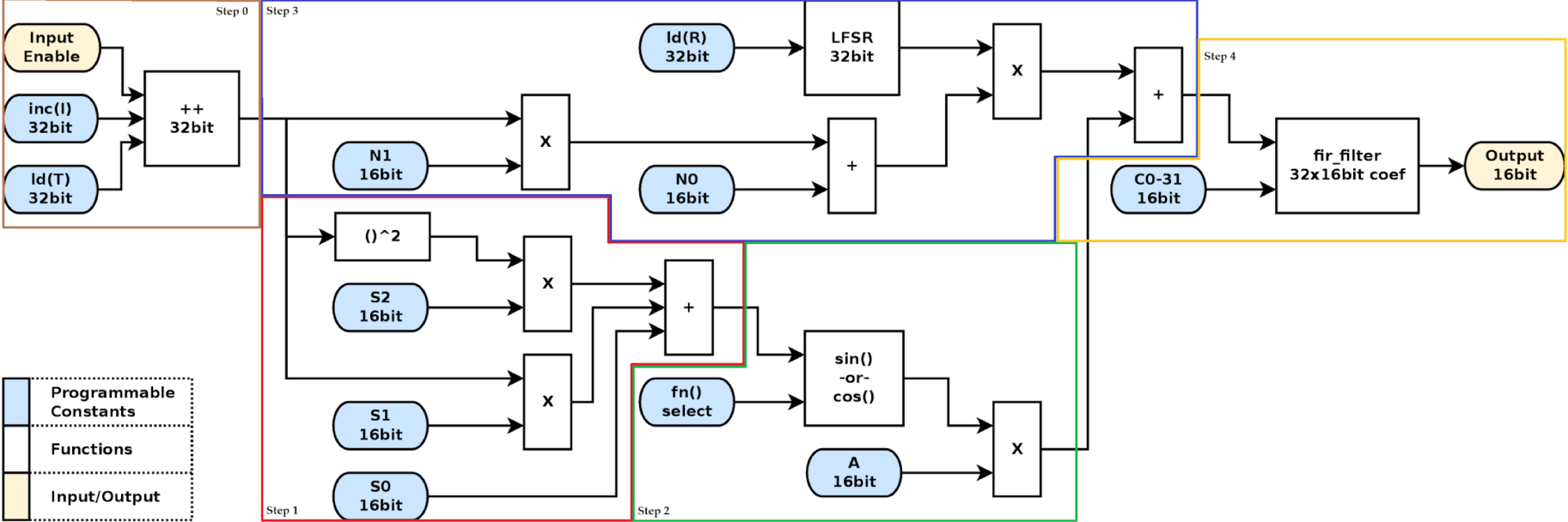
**Goal: Generate a Chirp signal**

Want to create a signal modeled by:

$$y = \sin(s_2 * t^2 + s_1 * t + s_0)$$



# Block Diagram

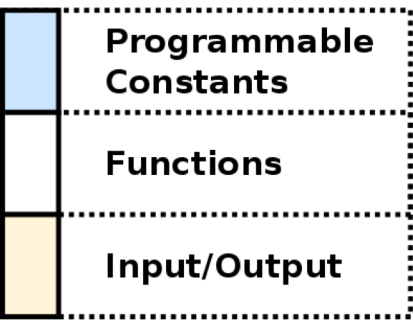
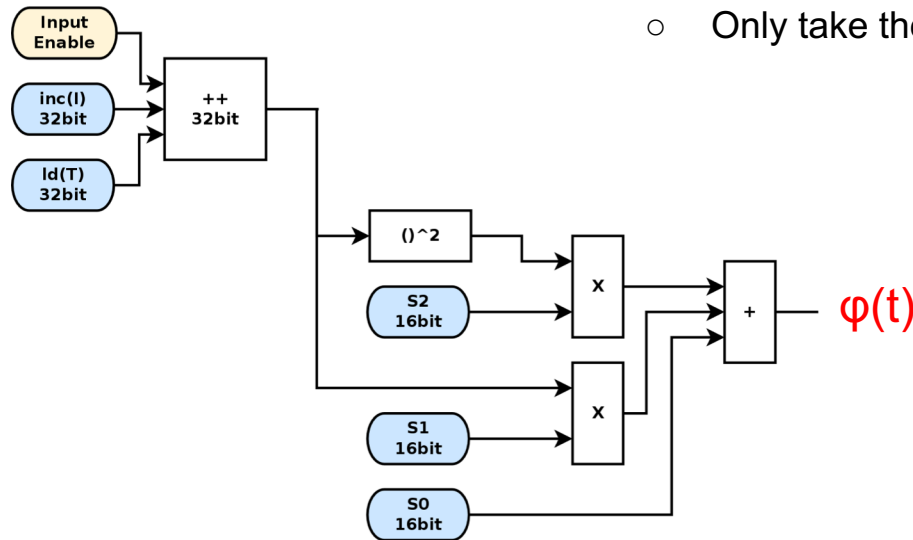


# Step 0: Incrementing t

- **Initialize two integers**
  - “count” -- Gets value from Id(T)
  - “inc” -- Gets value from inc(I)

# Step 1: Set Up $\varphi(t)$

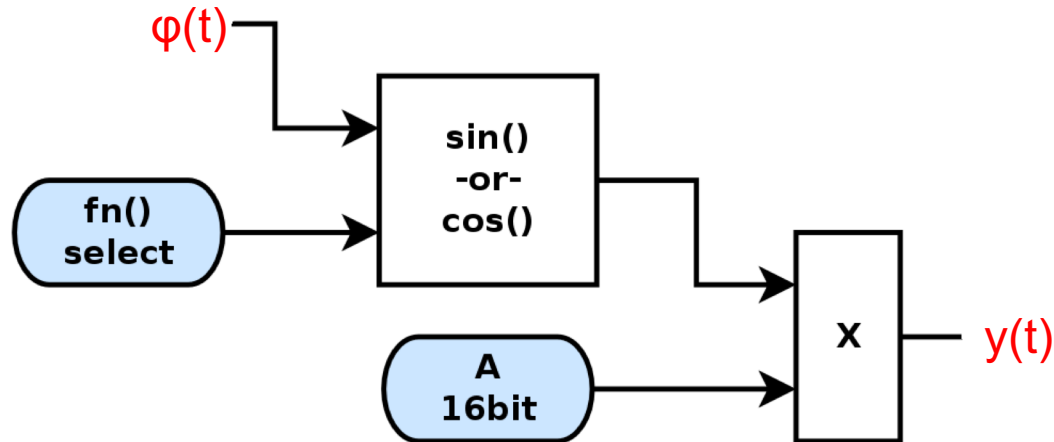
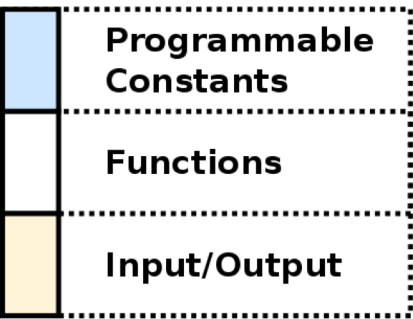
- $\varphi(t) = s_2 \times t^2 + s_1 \times t + s_0$
- **Bit Lengths**
  - $s_2 \times t^2$  requires 80 bits
  - $\varphi(t)$  needs 81 bits total
  - Only take the 32 MSB after summation



## Step 2: Perform $y(t) = A * \sin(\varphi(t))$ or $\cos(\varphi(t))$

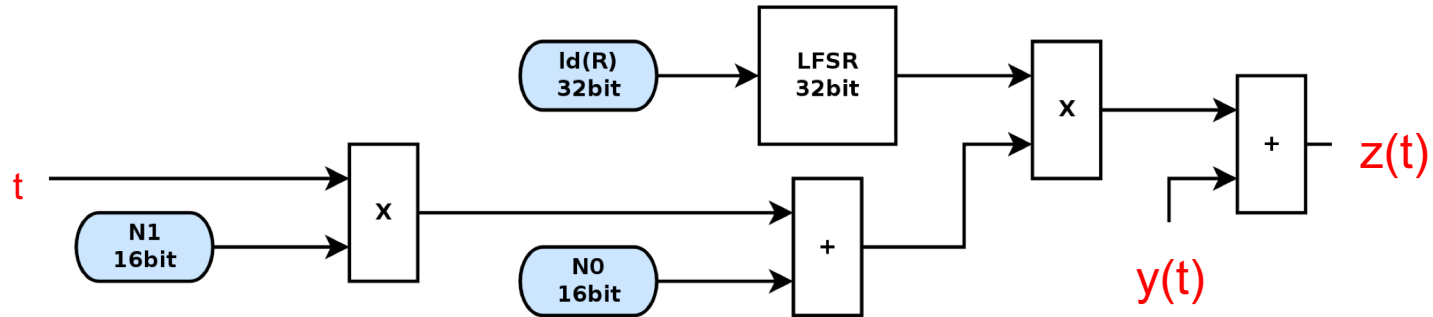
- **Implement using CORDIC**

- $fn()$  select determines  $\sin()$  or  $\cos()$  at build
  - CORDIC does not support switching after build, however
- Use TCL script to generate CORDIC core for  $\sin$  or  $\cos$
- Latency of CORDIC is calculated in Vivado



# Step 3: Noise

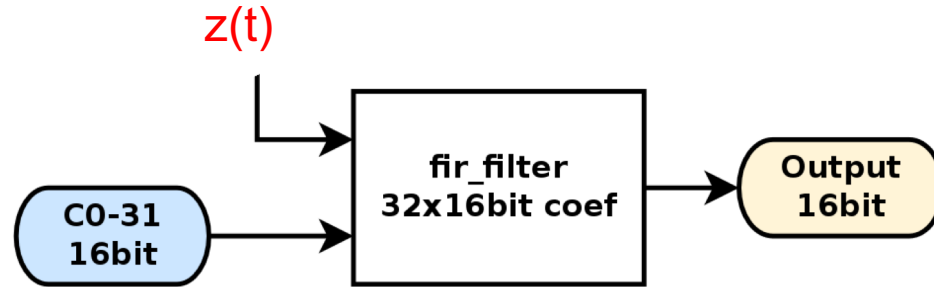
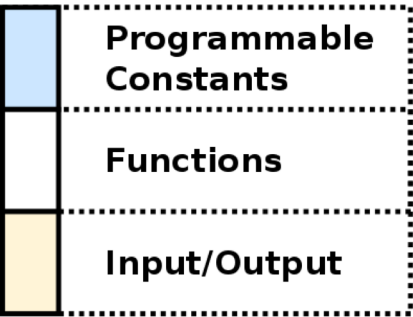
- **Generate Noise (N)**
  - Use  $t$ ,  $N1$ ,  $N0$ , and Adam's LFSR
- **Create  $z(t) = y(t) + N$**



|  |                        |
|--|------------------------|
|  | Programmable Constants |
|  | Functions              |
|  | Input/Output           |

# Step 4: Filtering

- Use a FIR filter to remove noise
  - Use FINS to include the FIR Filter IP



# Bit Widths

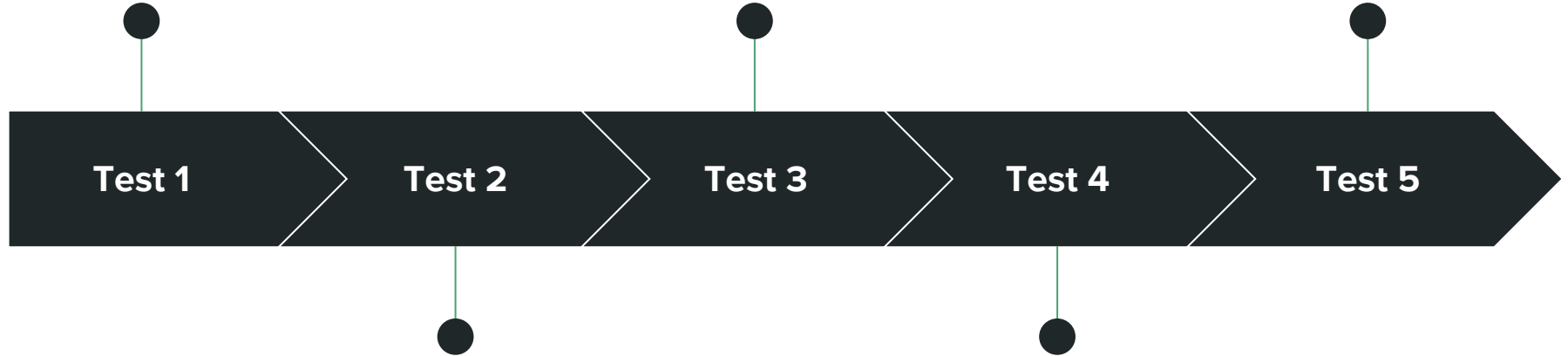
- Will need to scale after multiplications
    - Trying not to exceed 32-bits throughout the process
    - Use the FINS.json to grab scaling factors and decide fractional bits
  - FIR Filter input width
    - Parameter in JSON file
    - Test with input width = output width
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Test the counter and sine wave generation, then chirp generation

Add noise to the signal  
(Considering latency of CORDIC)

Add ability to handle complex signals  
(generate statement for parallel generator)

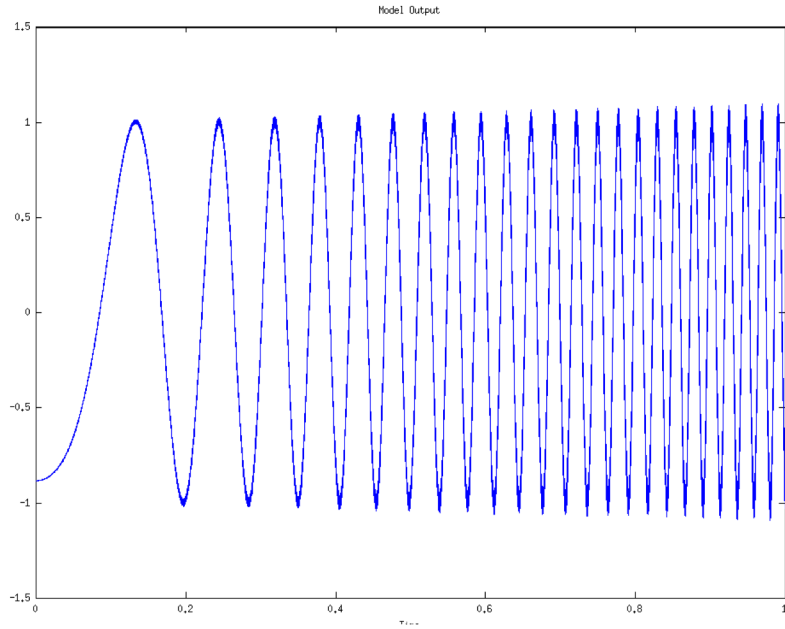


Try Chirp generation

Add the FIR filter, testing lowpass, highpass, and bandpass

# Model Results

Starting at  $t=0$



Starting at  $t=0.5$

